

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **Foaming Gold**

According to the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practise, 2021.

SECTION 1: Identification: Pro	duct identifier and chemical identity	
Product identifier	······································	
Product name	Foaming Gold	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Application	Car maintenance product Cleaning agent.	
Uses advised against	For professional use only. This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the Identified uses above.	
Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Autosmart Australia 11 Darrambal Close Rathmines NSW 2283 Australia www.autosmartaustralia.com.au Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST) (General Information. Transport Information. Mild Medical Information) autosmart@autosmartaustralia.com.au	
Contact Person	Mr. Russell Butler	
Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone	NCEC - For Chemical Emergency Support ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), Call NCEC at 18000 74234 (toll free 24Hrs) - when calling please quote "AUTOSMART 29003- NCEC" Local number +61 2 8 014 4558 General Information. Transport Information. Mild medical Information:- Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)	
National emergency telephone number	Poison Information Hotline: 13 11 26	

## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture		
Physical hazards	Not Classified	
Health hazards	Eye Dam. 1 - H318	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
Label elements		

#### Hazard pictograms



Signal word	DANGER
Hazard statements	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P280 Wear eye protection.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> <li>P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	For professional users only.
Contains	Sodium C10-16 alkylbenzenesulfonate, 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N- dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic) or vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

### SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

#### Sodium C10-16 alkylbenzenesulfonate

CAS number: 68081-81-2

### Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts

CAS number: 97862-59-4

### Classification

Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

### Quarternary coco alkylamine ethoxylate

CAS number: 68989-03-7

#### Classification

Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

#### 1.25<1.5

2<3%

0.7<1.0%

## 0.2<0.5% Sodium Polyphosphate CAS number: 68915-31-1 Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eve Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol 0.1<0.2% CAS number: 4719-04-4 Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT RE 1 - H372 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16. SECTION 4: First aid measures Description of first aid measures General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Skin Contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing. Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Protection of first aiders

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Indication of any immediate m	edical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from the	he substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accidental releas	e measures
Personal precautions, protectiv	ve equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.	
Reference to other sections		
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	prage, including how the chemical may be safely used	
Precautions for safe handling		
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.	
Conditions for safe storage, ir	ncluding any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.	
Storage class	Chemical storage.	
Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.	
SECTION 8: Exposure contro	Is and personal protection	
	SODIUM ALKYL ETHOXY SULPHATE (CAS: 68585-34-2)	
Ingredient comm	nents No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).	

### 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts (CAS: 97862-59-4)

Ingredient comments No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

### Sodium Polyphosphate (CAS: 68915-31-1)

Ingredient comments

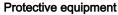
No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

#### 2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol (CAS: 4719-04-4)

#### Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

#### **Exposure controls**





Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure.
	Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. The choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves made from the following material may provide suitable chemical protection: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: >0.2mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 0.5 hours. Glove thickness is not necessarily a good measure of glove resistance as the permeation rate will depend on the exact glove composition. Repeated exposure to chemicals will degrade the ability of the glove to provide resistance to chemicals. Specific work environments and material handling practices may vary, therefore safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Use thin cotton gloves inside natural rubber gloves if there is an allergy risk to natural rubber.

Other skin and body Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible. protection

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When

using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried

out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Store in a demarcated bunded area to prevent release to drains and/or watercourses.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Liquid.	
Colour	Yellow.	
Odour	Cherry.	
Odour threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not determined.	
Melting point	~ 0°C	
Initial boiling point and range	~100°C @°C @ 760 mm Hg	
Flash point	Not applicable.	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability Limit - Lower(%)	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.	
Vapour density	Not applicable.	
Relative density	~1.065 @ 20°C	
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.	
Partition coefficient	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.	
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	~ 1 cSt @ °C	
Oxidising properties	Not applicable.	
Comments	Information declared as "Not available" or "Not applicable" is not considered to be relevant to the implementation of the proper control measures.	

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	formation
Information on toxicological eff	fects
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	18,382.35
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD₅)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	476.19
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure			
	eated exposure		sified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration h	azard		
Aspiration h	azard	Based or	n available data the classification criteria are not met.
General info	ormation		erity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the exposure.
Inhalation		Prolonge	ed inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
Ingestion		symptom	se sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal ns, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, in the same symptoms as inhalation.
Skin Conta	ct .		se skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact se dryness of the skin.
Eye contac	1		serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: ofuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Route of ex	posure	Ingestior	n Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target Orga	ans	No speci	ific target organs known.
Medical cor	siderations	Skin disc	orders and allergies.
Toxicologic	al information on ir	ngredients.	
			Sodium C10-16 alkylbenzenesulfonate
	Acute toxicity - o	ral	
	ATE oral (mg/kg)	)	500.0
	1-Propanaminiur	n, 3-amino	-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides,
			inner salts
	Other health effe	cts	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.
	Acute toxicity - o	ral	
	Acute toxicity ora mg/kg)	al (LD50	7,783.0
	Species		Rat
	Acute toxicity - d	ermal	
	Acute toxicity de mg/kg)	rmal (LD₅₀	2,066.0
	Species		Rat
	Skin sensitisatior	า	
	Skill Selisiusauoi	-	
	Skin sensitisation	- 1	Not sensitising.
			Not sensitising.
	Skin sensitisatior	<i>ticity</i>	Not sensitising. Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

	STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
	Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
	STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEL 300 mg/kg, Oral, Rat Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
		Sodium Polyphosphate
	Other health effects	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.
		2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol
	Acute toxicity - oral	
	Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,000.0
	Species	Rat
	Acute toxicity - dermal	
	Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	4,000.0
	Species	Rat
	Acute toxicity - inhalation	
	ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	0.5
SECTION 12	2: Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity	•	rded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have us effects on the environment.
Ecological ir	nformation on ingredients.	
	1-Propanaminium 3-amino	-N-(carboxymethyl)-N N-dimethyl- N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs hydroxides

## Ecological

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides,		
	inner salts	
Ecotoxicity	Harmful to aquatic life.	
Sodium Polyphosphate		
Ecotoxicity	The product may contribute to an excessive enrichment of the aquatic environment with nutrients.	
	2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	
Ecotoxicity	The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment. The product does not contain organically bound halogen. The product does not contain organic complexing agents with a DOC level of degradation of < 80% after 28 days.	
В	ased on available data the classification criteria are not met.	

Ecological information on ingredients.

Toxicity

	inner salts
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours: ~ 1.11 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 1.9 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 2.4 mg/l, Freshwater algae
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₀, : 3,000 mg/l, Activated sludge
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, : 0.135 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, : 0.3 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Quarternary coco alkylamine ethoxylate
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 28 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours: 12 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 9 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 5 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus
ence and degradability	
ence and degradability The degr	radability of the product is not known.
cal information on ingredients.	
	Sodium C10-16 alkylbenzenesulfonate
Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino	-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxid inner salts
Persistence and	The product is biodegradable.
degradability	

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	Persistence and degradability		The product is biodegradable.	
			2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	
	Persistence and degradability		The product is biodegradable.	
	Biological oxygen	demand	∼ 0.8 g O₂/g substance	
	Chemical oxygen	demand	∼ 1.100 g O₂/g substance	
Bioaccumu	ative potential			
Bioaccumul	ative Potential	No data	available on bioaccumulation.	
Partition co	efficient	Not avail	lable.	
Ecological i	nformation on ingre	dients.		
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides, <u>inner salts</u>				
	Bioaccumulative F	Potential	The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating. BCF: 71,	
			Sodium Polyphosphate	
	Bioaccumulative F	Potential	The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.	
			2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	
	Bioaccumulative F	Potential	The product is not bioaccumulating.	
Mobility in s	soil			
Mobility		The proc	luct is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.	
Ecological i	nformation on ingre	dients.		
	1-Propanaminium	i, 3-amino	-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,N-C8-18(even numbered) acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	
	Mobility		The product is soluble in water.	
	·		Sodium Polyphosphate	
	Mobility		The product is soluble in water.	
			2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	
	Mobility		The product is soluble in water.	
Other adverse effects				
Other adverse effects None known.				
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations				
Waste treatment methods				

General information Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated			
	cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.			
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation			
General	The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADG).			
UN number				
Not applicable.				
UN proper shipping name				
Not applicable.				
Transport hazard class(es)				
No transport warning sign requ	uired.			
Packing group				
Not applicable.				
Environmental hazards				
Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant				
Special precautions for user				
Not applicable.				
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.			
SECTION 15: Regulatory infor	mation			
Safety, health and environmer	tal regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture			
Schedule (SUSMP)	No Poison Schedule number allocated			
Inventories Australia - AIIC None of the ingredients are lis	sted or exempt.			
SECTION 16: Any other relevant information				
	Bood and follow manufacturar's recommandations. Only trained personnal should use this			

### Training advice

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
Issued by	Prepared by Autosmart International Ltd, Lynn Lane, Shenstone, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS14 0DH, Great Britain. www.autosmartinternational.com rbutler@autosmart.co.uk Tel +44 (0)1543 481616
Revision date	19/05/2021
Revision	2
Supersedes date	18/10/2016
SDS No.	21313
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H330 Fatal if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.